

First International Conference 28 January 2021



This project is funded by the European Union's Rights Equality and Citizenship (REC) Programme (2014-2020).



Education & Gamification for the prevention of GBV







The reasons why education is crucial for GBV prevention are two-fold:

- Schools are the most relevant sites where we can intervene on the root causes of gender-based violence;
- Schools can be the theatre of gender-based violence <u>school-related gender-based violence</u> (SRGBV).



"The potential for young people to act as agents of change provides one of the greatest hopes for achieving the social transformation necessary to end GBV, and can be unlocked through high-quality, gender-sensitive education."

Source: SIDA Sweden



Intervening on the root causes of gender-based violence

Raising awareness about GBV and building relevant skills (for students, but also for the whole school community) to experience equitable and respectful relationships are key strategies for undermining gender stereotypes and inequalities, abuses of power, and promoting the culture of human rights.



Addressing SRGBV

A common mistake is to believe that GBV only affects adults. On the contrary, young people could experience in and around schools:

- sexualised bullying;
- sexual harassment;
- forced sexual acts in exchange for good grades;
- male dominance or aggressions.

They could be victims, perpetrators or observers of GBV.

This can have serious consequences for their physical and mental health, their learning performance, and their relationships.



How do we educate to prevent GBV?

- 1. Development of educational content and curriculum approaches;
- 1. Appropriate capacity building of educators;
- 1. Effective exchange of information and multistakeholder collaboration;

Source: UNESCO



How do we educate to prevent GBV?

Children First aims to reduce the frequency and impact of gender-based violence in society by creating resources aimed at responding to these needs:





- Encouraging and activating the creativity and imagination of children through the use of modern ICT technologies;
- Building the knowledge, skills and capacity of educators to identify risks of GBV.



How do we educate to prevent GBV?



Within Children First, our approach consists in proposing to schools and educators **non-formal education methods**.

In NFE the participation of people is voluntary, and everyone has the right to share if they want, as much as they want and they can always stop if it makes them feel uncomfortable.

2. Gamification as an approach to reach youth



Gamification in education refers to implementing the elements of gaming in education activities, that is in non-gaming contexts. Some of the ways (but not the only ones) to do it might be: modify the scoring system to include gaming points and awards; introduce levels of progress; introduce a constructive battle between good and evil.



Source: STEMPEDIA

2. Gamification as an approach to reach youth

The benefits of using gamification in educational context



- Raising awareness and transfer knowledge on a specific issue by ensuring more participation, more affection to the activities;
- Giving learners ownership of their learning;
- Offering a chance to fail and try again without negative repercussions;
- Offering fun and interactive learning (either selflearning or within the classroom);





2. Gamification as an approach to reach youth The benefits of using gamification in educational context

- Offering innovation in learning by using technology and improving digital skills;
- Making learning visible;
- Offering learner the freedom to discover their own intrinsic motivators for learning;
- Enabling players to be more open-minded and resilient, and ensure their active participation in democratic life.



2. Gamification as an approach to reach youth

Competences that youth gains through gamification



- Critical thinking;
- Creativity and curiosity;
- Problem-solving;
- Learning through experience;
- Socializing and meeting other people;
- Decision-making;



The CHILDREN FIRST e-game



The objective of the Children First game is to educate school children (aged 12-18) on how to properly prevent and address dating violence from an early age.

- It uses a set of scenarios and a progressive flow, which motivates children to play all the scenarios and address all the challenges they set.
- They have to make decisions that challenge their personal beliefs, gender stereotypes, and norms that lead to violence





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This project is funded by the European Union's Rights Equality and Citizenship (REC) Programme (2014-2020). Grant Agreement number: 856844 — Children First — REC-AG-2018/REC-RDAP-GBV-AG-2018